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7 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
8 WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON
9 AT TACOMA

10 BRADLEY JOSEPH QUINN,

11 Plaintiff,

12 v.

13 CRAIG ADAMS, *et al.*

14 Defendants.

Case No. 08-5279 FDB/KLS

ORDER DENYING MOTION FOR
APPOINTMENT OF COUNSEL

15 This civil rights action has been referred to United States Magistrate Judge Karen L.
16 Strombom pursuant to Title 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1) and Local MJR 3 and 4. Before the Court is
17 Plaintiff's motion for appointment of counsel. (Dkt. # 11). Having carefully reviewed Plaintiff's
18 motion and the balance of the record, the Court finds, for the reasons stated below, that Plaintiff's
19 motion should be denied.

20 **I. DISCUSSION**

21 There is no right to have counsel appointed in cases brought under 42 U.S.C. § 1983.
22 Although the court, under 28 U.S.C. § 1915(d), can request counsel to represent a party proceeding
23 *in forma pauperis*, the court may do so only in exceptional circumstances. *Wilborn v. Escalderon*,
24 789 F.2d 1328, 1331 (9th Cir. 1986); *Franklin v. Murphy*, 745 F.2d 1221, 1236 (9th Cir. 1984);
25 *Aldabe v. Aldabe*, 616 F.2d 1089 (9th Cir. 1980). A finding of exceptional circumstances requires
26 an evaluation of both the likelihood of success on the merits and the ability of the plaintiff to
27 articulate his claims *pro se* in light of the complexity of the legal issues involved. *Wilborn*, 789

1 F.2d at 1331. Neither of these factors is dispositive and both must be viewed together before
2 reaching a decision on request of counsel under Section 1915(d). *Id.*

3 Plaintiff has demonstrated an adequate ability to articulate his claims *pro se* and has not
4 demonstrated that the issues involved in this case are complex or that he has had any difficulties in
5 expressing them. Plaintiff is articulate and brings his claims in a very clear and organized manner.
6 While Plaintiff may not have vast resources or legal training, he meets the threshold for a *pro se*
7 litigant. Plaintiff's concerns regarding investigation and discovery, an absence of legal training
8 and limited access to legal materials are not exceptional factors, but are the type of difficulties
9 encountered by many *pro se* litigants. Further, there are numerous avenues of discovery available
10 to the parties through the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure during the litigation process.

11 Plaintiff also states that there is a likelihood of success on the merits, however, he has not
12 provided any further information to support his contention other to state generally that his
13 allegations, if proved would establish a violation of the Eighth Amendment. This is not sufficient to
14 carry the burden under this prong. *See, e.g., Wilborn*, 789 F.2d at 1331. Accordingly, the Court
15 finds that counsel is not necessary in this case.

16 Accordingly, Plaintiff's motion to appoint counsel (Dkt. # 11) is **DENIED**.

17 The Clerk is directed to send copies of this Order to Plaintiff and counsel for Defendants.

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19 DATED this 25th day of July, 2008.

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23 Karen L. Strombom
24 United States Magistrate Judge
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